



Assessment of Scenarios

FFE (Madrid, Spain) – 21 September 2017

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WP 5.4. Leader



MULTI-CRITERIA ANALYSIS

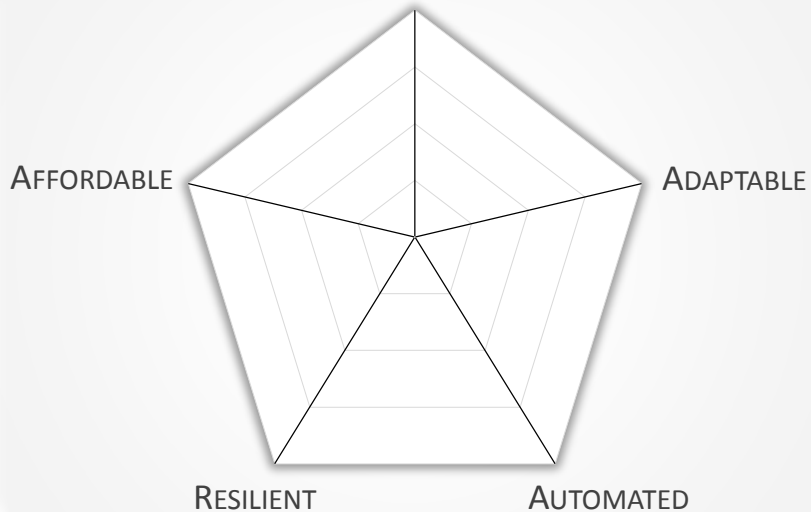
Impacts towards Vision for 2030/2050



COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Socio-economic appraisal

HIGH CAPACITY



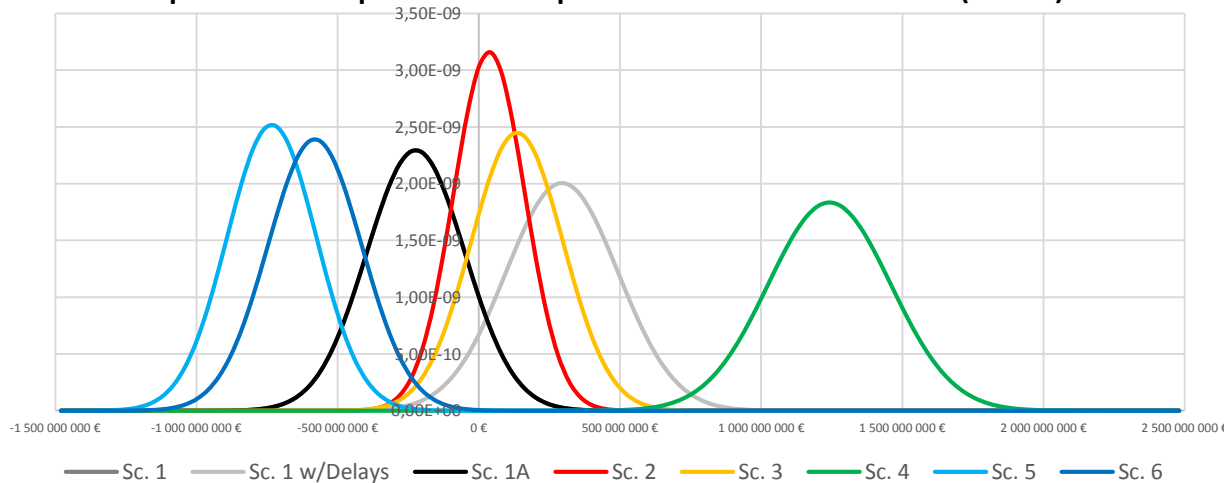
INVESTMENT SCENARIOS

COST AND BENEFIT CATEGORIES

Net Present Values (NPV)
Internal Rate of Return (IRR)

Tool developed for CBA computation

Example of outputs: Comparison of scenarios (NPV)



CBA Structure Breakdown

Investment Costs

Maintenance Costs

Producer Surplus

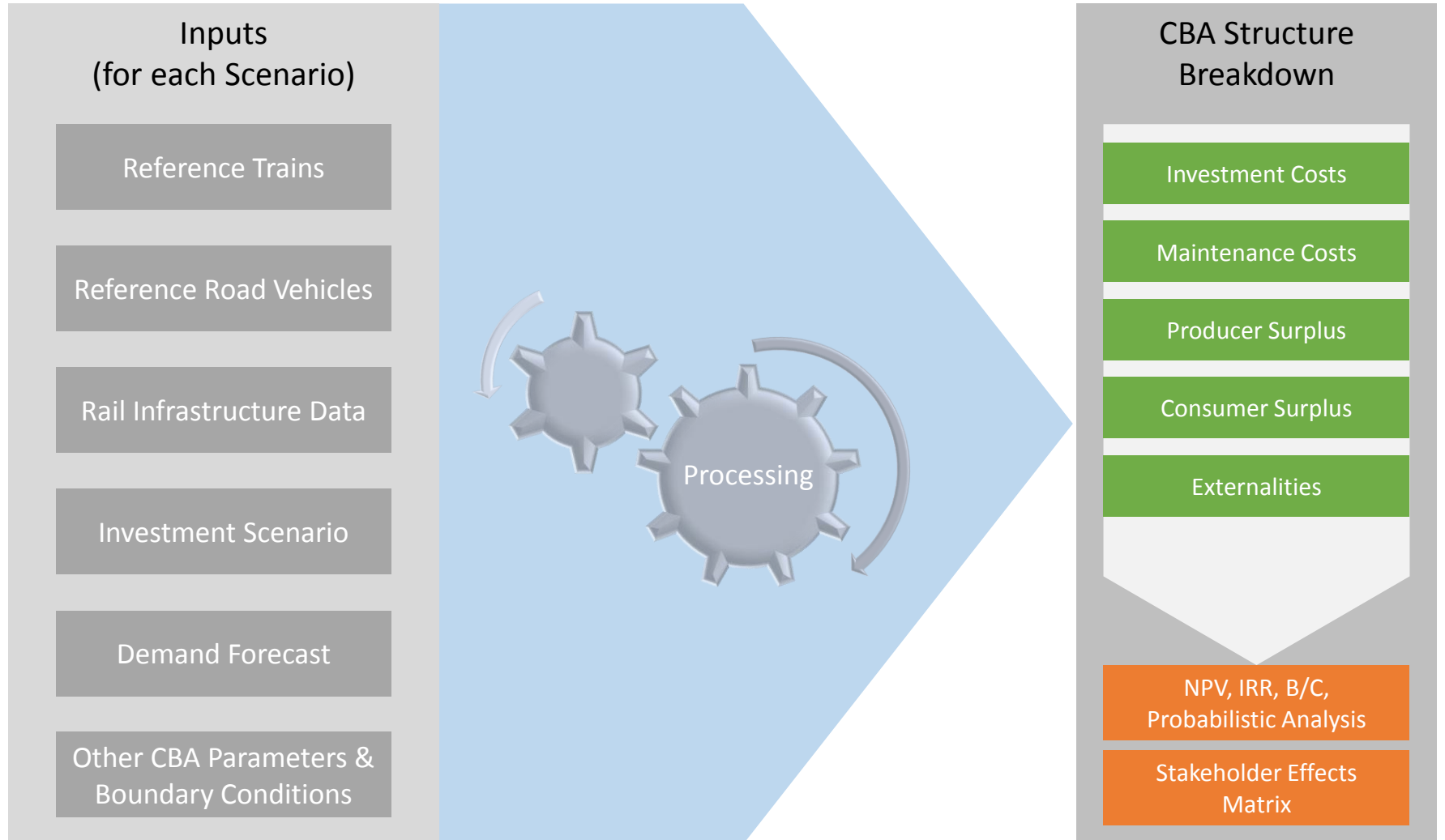
Consumer Surplus

Externalities

NPV, IRR, B/C,
Probabilistic Analysis

Stakeholder Effects
Matrix

		Users	Operators	Infrastructure Manager	Non Users	Government	Economic Value
		Freight	Freight	Rail			
Effects	User Service						
	Travel Time	-122 824 385 €					-122 824 385 €
	Reliability	0 €					0 €
	Operation						
	Direct	Fees		-115 858 559 €	115 858 559 €		0 €
		Vehicle Operating Costs		466 099 539 €			466 099 539 €
	Indirect	Taxes		89 456 304 €			0 €
	Assets						
	Investment	Infrastructure			-765 367 260 €		-765 367 260 €
	Maintenance	Infrastructure			136 828 801 €		136 828 801 €
	External Effects						
	Environmental	GHG Emissions				50 858 469 €	50 858 469 €
Economic Profitability		-122 824 385 €	439 697 284 €	-512 679 901 €	50 858 469 €	-89 456 304 €	-234 404 836 €



Inputs (for each Scenario)

Reference Trains

Reference Road Vehicles

Rail Infrastructure Data

Investment Scenario

Demand Forecast

Other CBA Parameters &
Boundary Conditions

Reference Train	Train 1	2	3	4	5	6
Consist						
Number of Locomotives	1	#	#	#	#	#
Number of Wagons	20	#	#	#	#	#
Length	425	#	#	#	#	# m
Tare	490	#	#	#	#	# T
Maximum Load	1000	#	#	#	#	# T
Load Factor	50%	#	#	#	#	#
Load	500	#	#	#	#	# T
Gross Weight	990	#	#	#	#	# T
Locomotives						
Power Source	Electric	#	#	#	#	#
Weight	90	#	#	#	#	# T
Length	25	#	#	#	#	# m
Operating Cost	5	#	#	#	#	# €/km
Tax	3	#	#	#	#	#
Wagons						
Tare Weight	20	#	#	#	#	# T
Maximum Load	50	#	#	#	#	# T
Length	20	#	#	#	#	# m
Operating Cost	0,15	#	#	#	#	# €/km
Tax	0,03	#	#	#	#	#
Operating Costs						
Operating Costs (excl. Tax)	0,016	#	#	#	#	# €/(T·km)
GHG Emissions						
GHG Emissions	0,002	#	#	#	#	# kg/(T·km)

Inputs (for each Scenario)

Reference Trains

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Demand Forecast

Other CBA Parameters &
Boundary Conditions

Reference Vehicle	Truck	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Maximum Load	26	##	##	##	##	##	##	T
Load Factor	60%	##	##	##	##	##	##	
Load	15,6	##	##	##	##	##	##	T
Operating Costs (excl. Tax)	0,0712	##	##	##	##	##	##	€/(T·km)
Tax	0,0160	##	##	##	##	##	##	€/(T·km)
GHG Emissions	0,0420	##	##	##	##	##	##	kg/(T·km)

CBA Tool

Inputs (for each Scenario)

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Demand Forecast

Other CBA Parameters &
Boundary Conditions

			Section #####	
Length		km	131,0	
Passenger	Av. Speed	(km/h)	125	
	Time	(h)	1,05	
Freight	Av. Speed	(km/h)	80	
	Time	(h)	1,64	
Terrain Type			Hilly	
Number of Tracks			2	
Switch Density		1/km	0,14	
Max Train Length		m	630	
Max Axle Load		T/axle	22,5	
Capacity	Block Length	km	15	
	Buffer Time		0,05	
	Crossing Buffer		0	
	Supplement for Maintenance	h/track	5,00	
Passenger	Access Charges	€/train	42,5402	
		€/(train-km)	0,6442	
€/(GT-km)		0,0000		
€/train		42,5402		
Freight	Access Charges	€/(train-km)	0,6442	
		€/(GT-km)	0,0007	
Maintenance Costs		Track Fixed	€/(year-km)	15600
		Track Variable	€/(MGT-km)	309
	SE&C Fixed	€/(year-switch)	34528	
	SE&C Variable	€/(MGT-switch)	3612	
Delays	Punctuality (%)	Passenger	0,0%	
		Freight	0,0%	
	P. Delays (%)	Passenger	0,0%	
		Freight	0,0%	
	P. Cancellations (%)	Passenger	0,0%	
		Freight	0,0%	
Delays (h)	Passenger	0,0		
	Freight	0,0		

Inputs (for each Scenario)

Reference Trains

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Rail Infrastructure Data

Investment Scenario

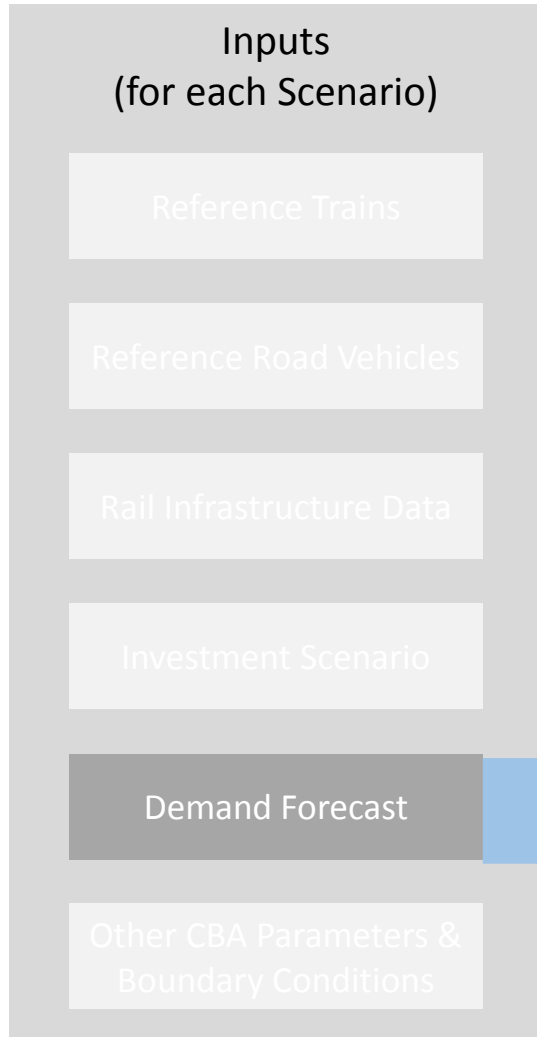
Demand Forecast

Other CBA Parameters &
Boundary Conditions

	Investment Projects	Included in		
		Baseline	TEN-T	C4R
SE36	Ångelholm-Maria: Upgrade to double track in existing alignment and grade-separated crossings. Reconstruction of Maria station	No	Yes	Yes
SE37	Flackarp-Arlov: The action involves two new tracks on the route Flackarp-Arlov which constitute about 75 percent of the route	No	Yes	Yes
SE38	Flackarp-Lund/Högevall: Expansion from two to four tracks between Flackarp and Högevall	No	Yes	Yes
SE39	Pågatåg Nordost (Regional railway network improvement): Sixteen new stations are being built in the years 2011-2014 to improve commuting with regional trains in the north-eastern Skåne	No	Yes	Yes
SE40	Åstorp Teckomatorp: Expansion of sidings, introduction of modern signalling systems and new stations for passenger	No	Yes	Yes

Investment Projects	Included in			Estimated Lifespan (years)	NPV	0			
	Baseline	TEN-T	C4R			2015	2016	2017	
BL1	Track renewal in Stockholm-Katrineholm	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL2	Track renewal in Katrineholm-Hallsberg	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL3	Track renewal in Katrineholm-Norrköping	Yes	Yes	No	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL4	Track renewal in Norrköping-Mjölby	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL34	S&C renewal in Öxnered-Göteborg	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL35	S&C renewal in Göteborg-Kungälv	Yes	Yes	No	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL36	S&C renewal in Kungälv-Ångelholm	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL37	S&C renewal in Ångelholm-Kävlinge via Helsingborg	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL38	S&C renewal in Ångelholm-Kävlinge via Åstorp	Yes	Yes	No	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL39	S&C renewal in Kävlinge-Lund	Yes	Yes	No	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL40	S&C renewal in Kävlinge-Malmö	Yes	Yes	No	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL41	S&C renewal in Malmö-Trelleborg	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
BL42	S&C renewal in Malmö-København	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
SE24	Implementation of RTMS	No	Yes	Yes	30	#####	#####	#####	####
SE46	Teckomatorp-Arlov: Capacity enhancements and new stations for passenger service	No	Yes	Yes	30	#####	0.0E	0.0E	####
C4R11	Slab track construction, Stockholm-Katrineholm	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R12	Slab track construction, Katrineholm-Hallsberg	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R13	Slab track construction, Katrineholm-Norrköping	No	No	Yes	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R14	Slab track construction, Göteborg-Kungälv	No	No	Yes	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R15	Slab track construction, Kungälv-Ångelholm	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R16	Slab track construction, Ångelholm-Kävlinge via Helsingborg	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R17	Slab track construction, Ångelholm-Kävlinge via Åstorp	No	No	Yes	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R18	Slab track construction, Kävlinge-Lund	No	No	Yes	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R19	Slab track construction, Kävlinge-Malmö	No	No	Yes	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R20	Slab track construction, Malmö-Trelleborg	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R21	Slab track construction, Malmö-København	No	No	No	60	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R22	New switches, Stockholm-Katrineholm	No	No	No	40	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R23	New switches, Katrineholm-Hallsberg	No	No	No	40	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E
C4R24	New switches, Katrineholm-Norrköping	No	No	Yes	40	#####	0.0E	0.0E	0.0E





Rail Passenger Demand Elasticities		
Demand Elasticity with GDP		#####
Demand Elasticity with Price		#####
Price Elasticity with Operating Costs		#####
Demand Elasticity with Operating Costs		#####
Rail Freight Demand Elasticities		
Demand Elasticity with GDP		#####
Demand Elasticity with Price		#####
Price Elasticity with Operating Costs		#####
Demand Elasticity with Operating Costs		#####

Inputs (for each Scenario)

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Investment Scenario

Demand Forecast

Other CBA Parameters &
Boundary Conditions

CBA Boundaries

Time horizon	40 years
Year	2016

Economic Boundary Conditions

Discount rate	4,00%
Shadow price conversion factor	0,95

Energy Costs

Time Valuation

Passengers

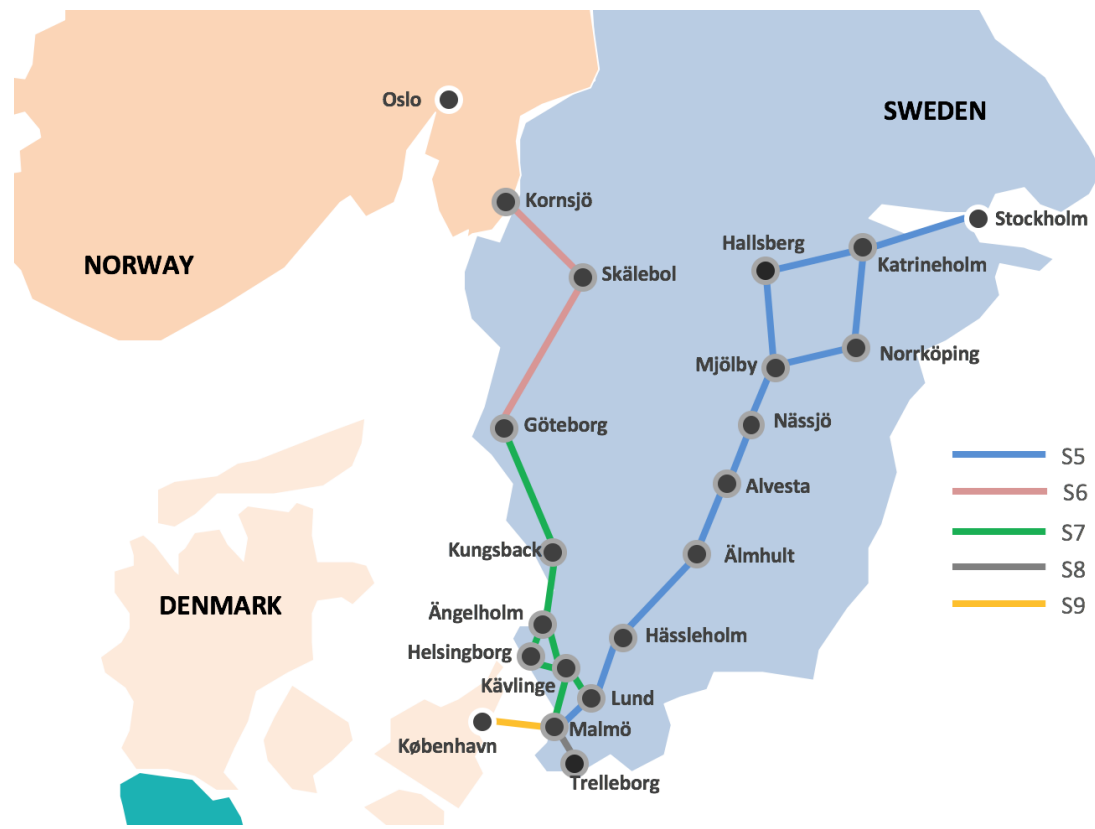
Business passengers VOT	30 €/h
Business passengers	50%
Leisure VOT	10 €/h
Leisure passengers	10%
Commuter VOT	15 €/h
Commuter passengers	40%
Average	22 €/h

Freight

Rail	1,66 €/h
Road	4,05 €/h
Diverted from Road to Rail	1,66 €/h

Externalities

GHG emissions Cost Initial Value	0,031 €/kg
GHG emissions Cost Annual Growth	0,001 €/kg



CASE STUDY 1: SWEDISH SECTIONS OF THE SCANDINAVIAN-MEDITERRANEAN CORRIDOR

'Baseline & TEN-T' Scenario

Maintenance or replacement of End Of Life items and Investment already planned in TEN-T corridors (timeline and costs defined in TEN-T reports)

C4R Scenarios

C4R Scenario 1

C4R Scenario 1 with Delays

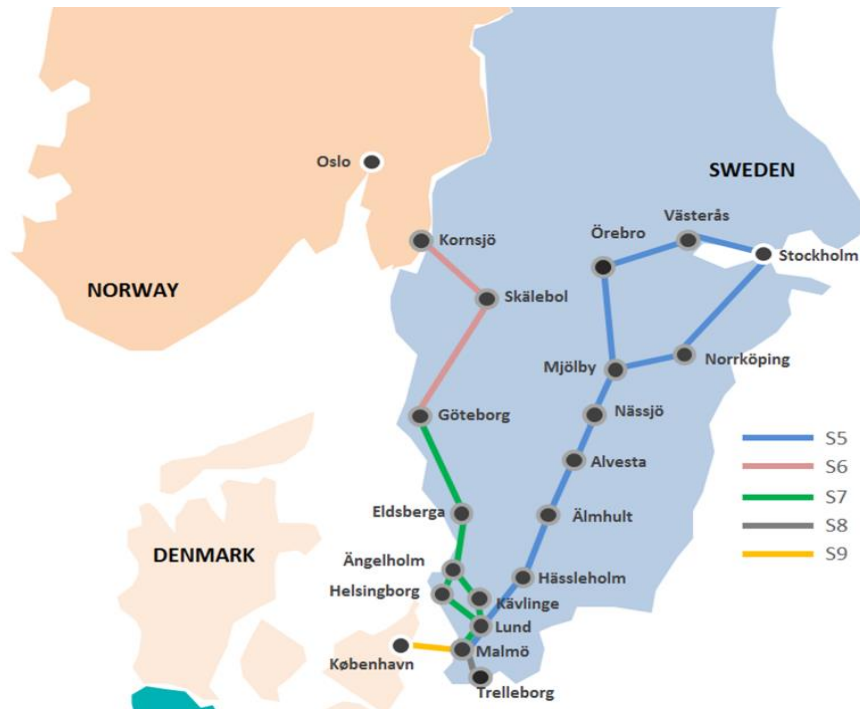
C4R Scenario 2

C4R Scenario 3

C4R Scenario 4

C4R Scenario 5

C4R Scenario 6



C4R Scenarios

C4R Scenario 1

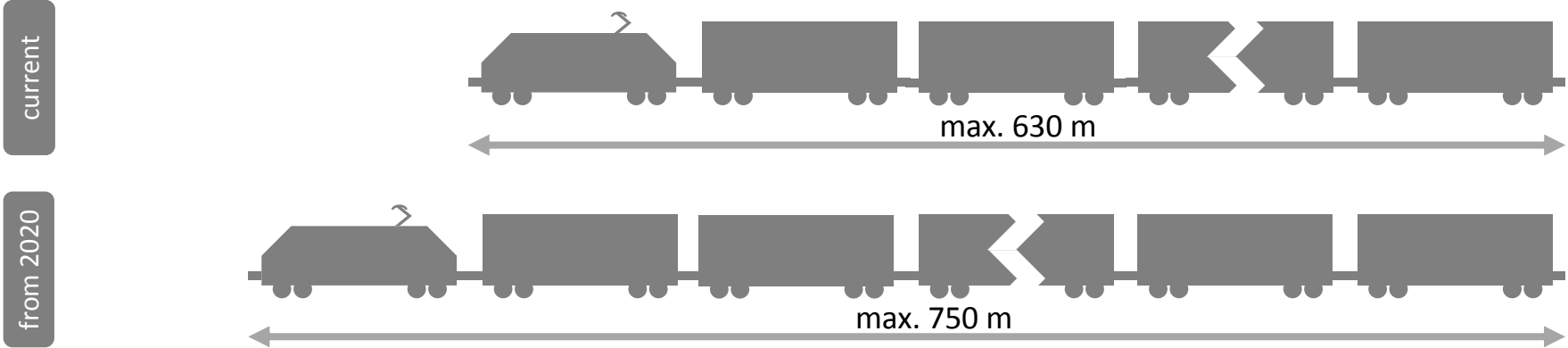
- Innovative Slab Track
- Advanced Monitoring
- Innovative Switches
- Innovative Freight Concepts

Introduced in the whole corridor

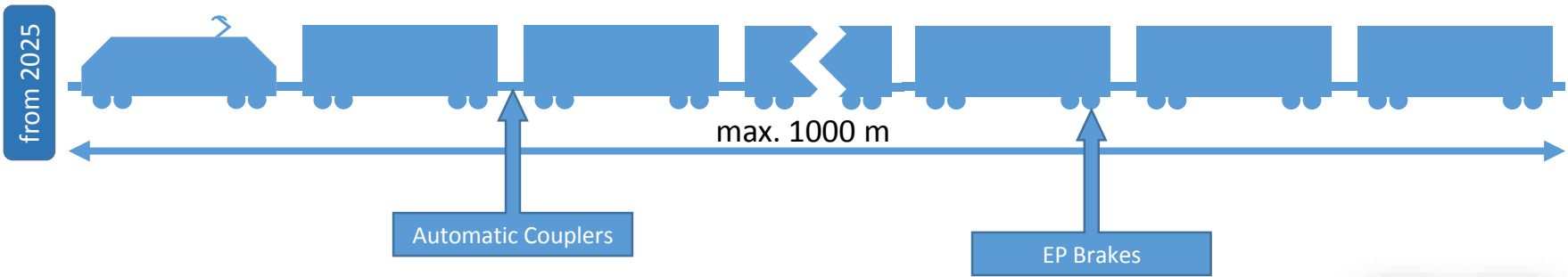
- Case study focused on **freight** transportation
- Time horizon: 40 years (2016-2056); Discount Rate: 4%
- Combined **C4R Infrastructure Innovations** reduce **Infrastructure Downtime** for Maintenance by 60%
 - Also reduce Maintenance Costs (German benchmark)
- Innovative Slab Track Target Cost limited to 1000 €/m of single track
- **No Increase** in Track Access Charges

Key Assumptions

'Baseline & TEN-T' Scenario

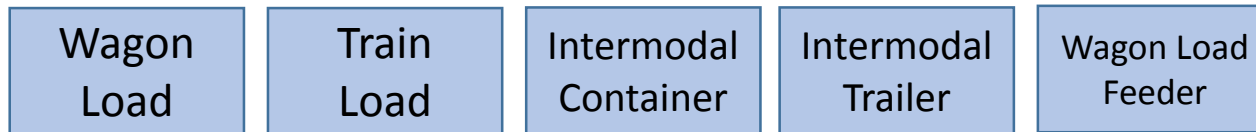


C4R Scenario 1

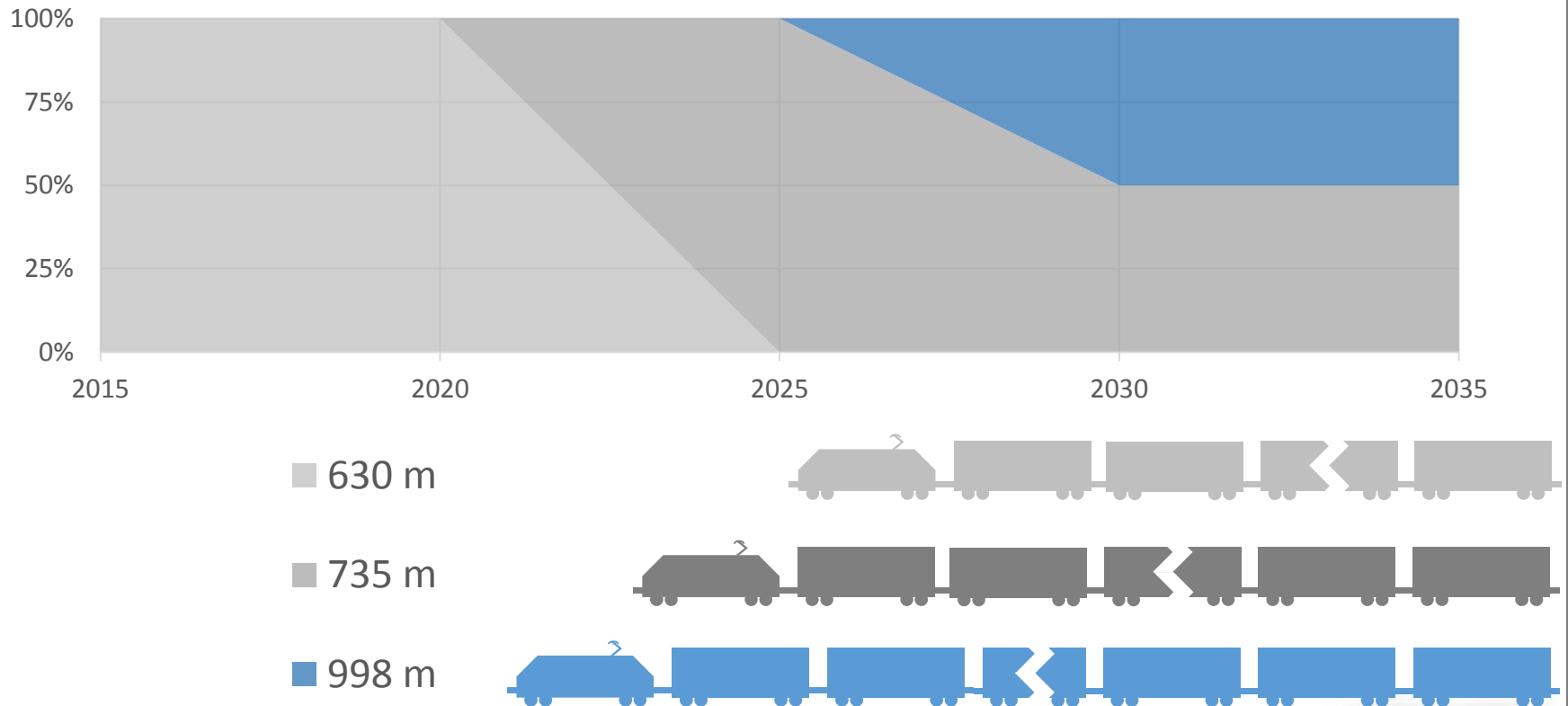


Key Assumptions

- 5 Market Segments:

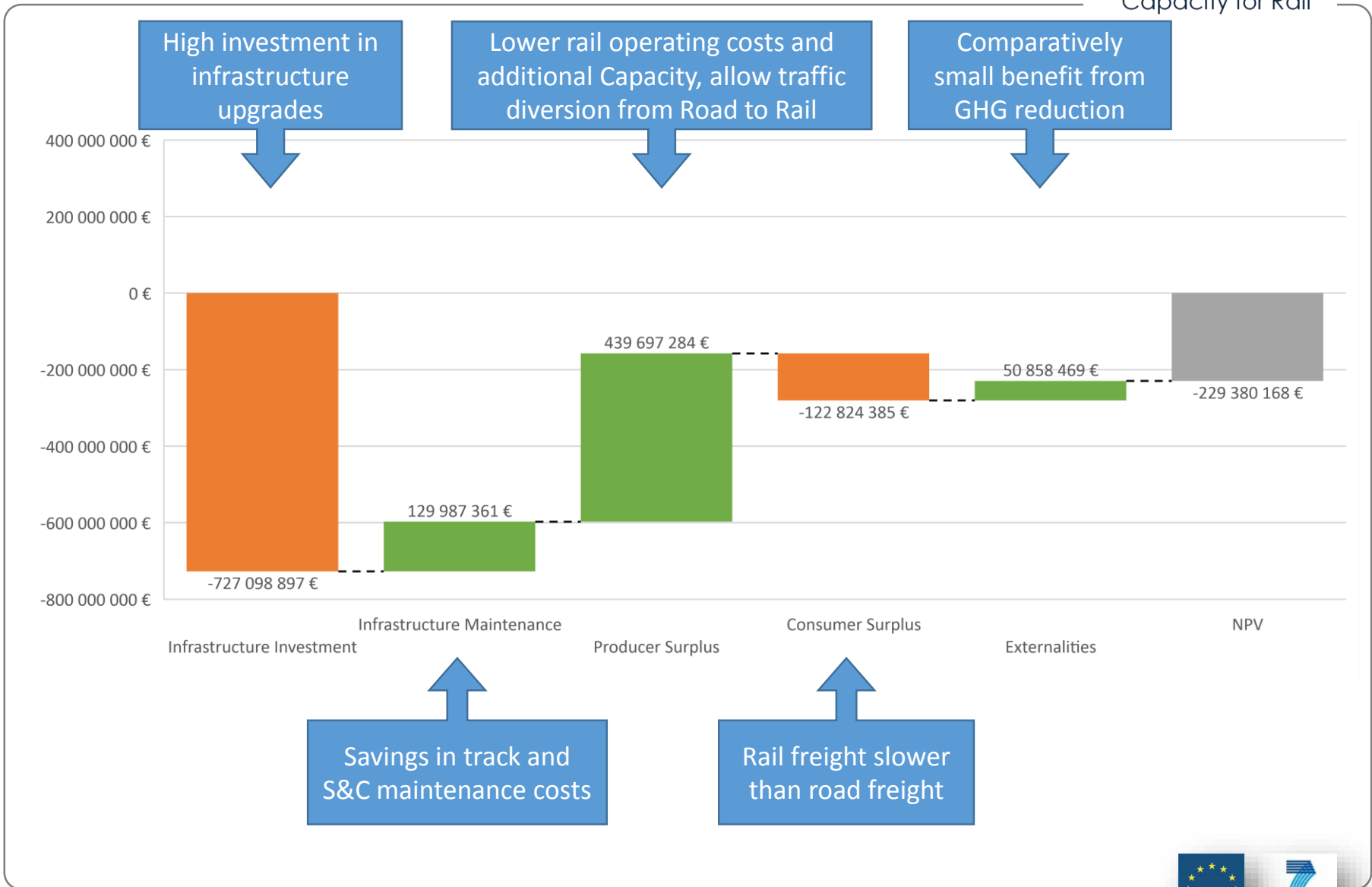


Example Traffic Mix Evolution

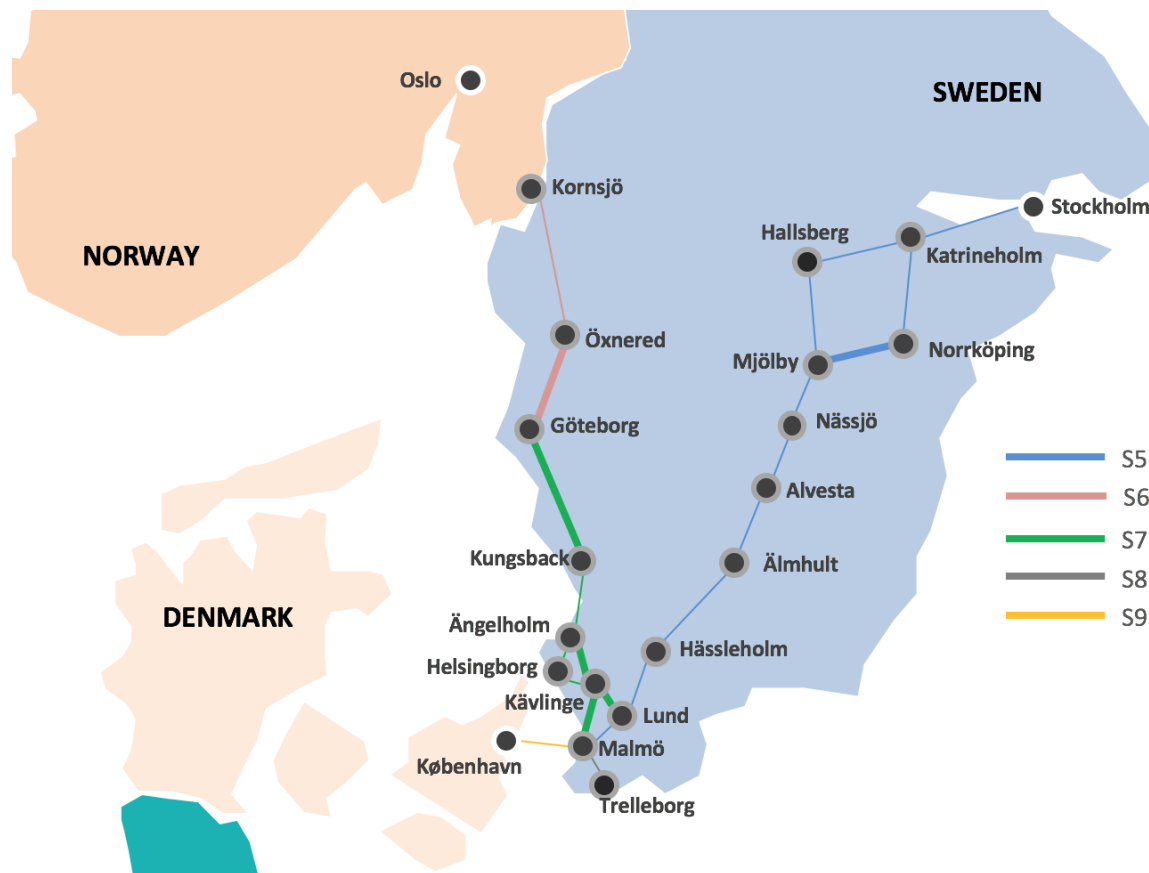


Results

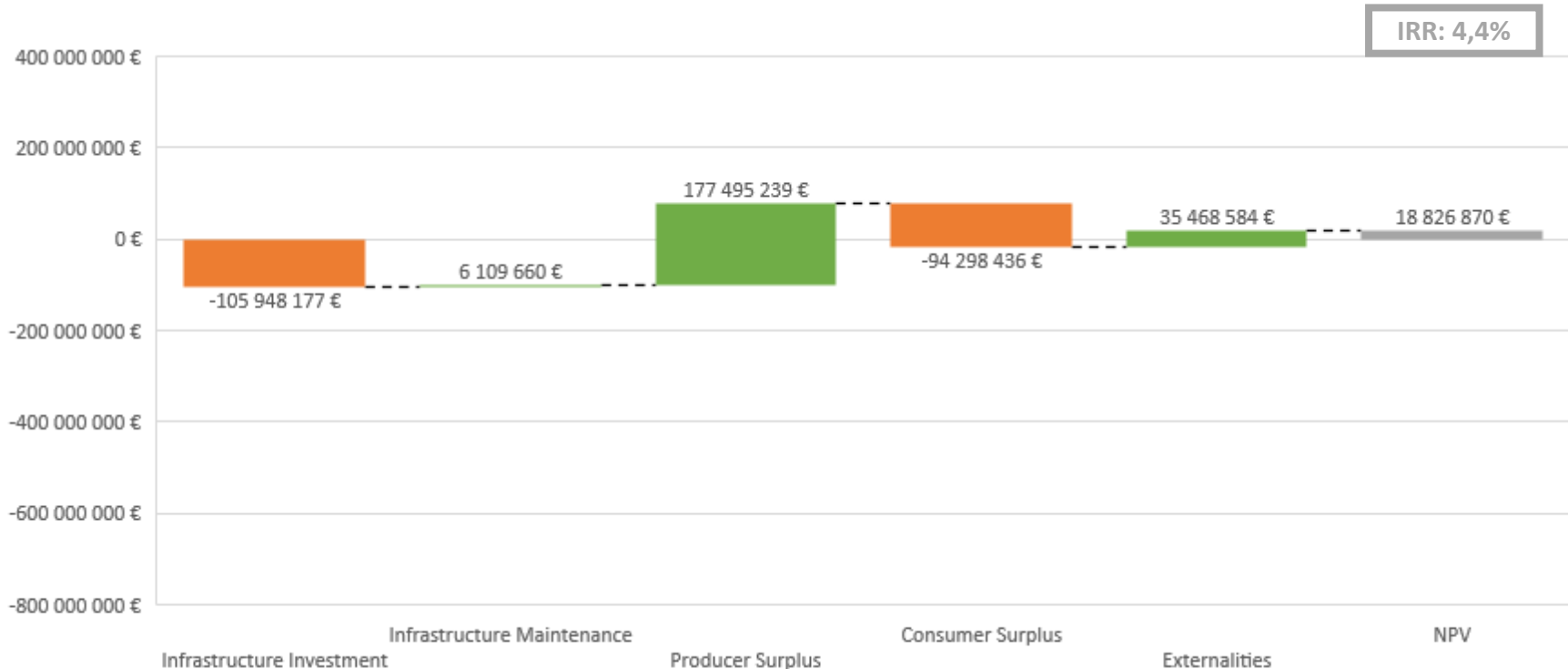
C4R Scenario 1



- C4R infrastructure innovations implemented only in most congested sections



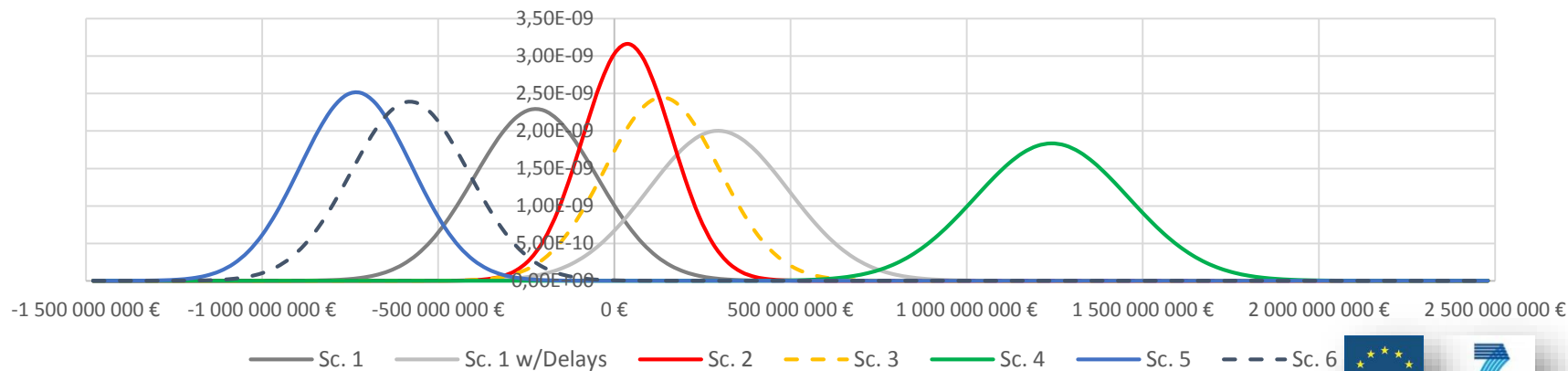
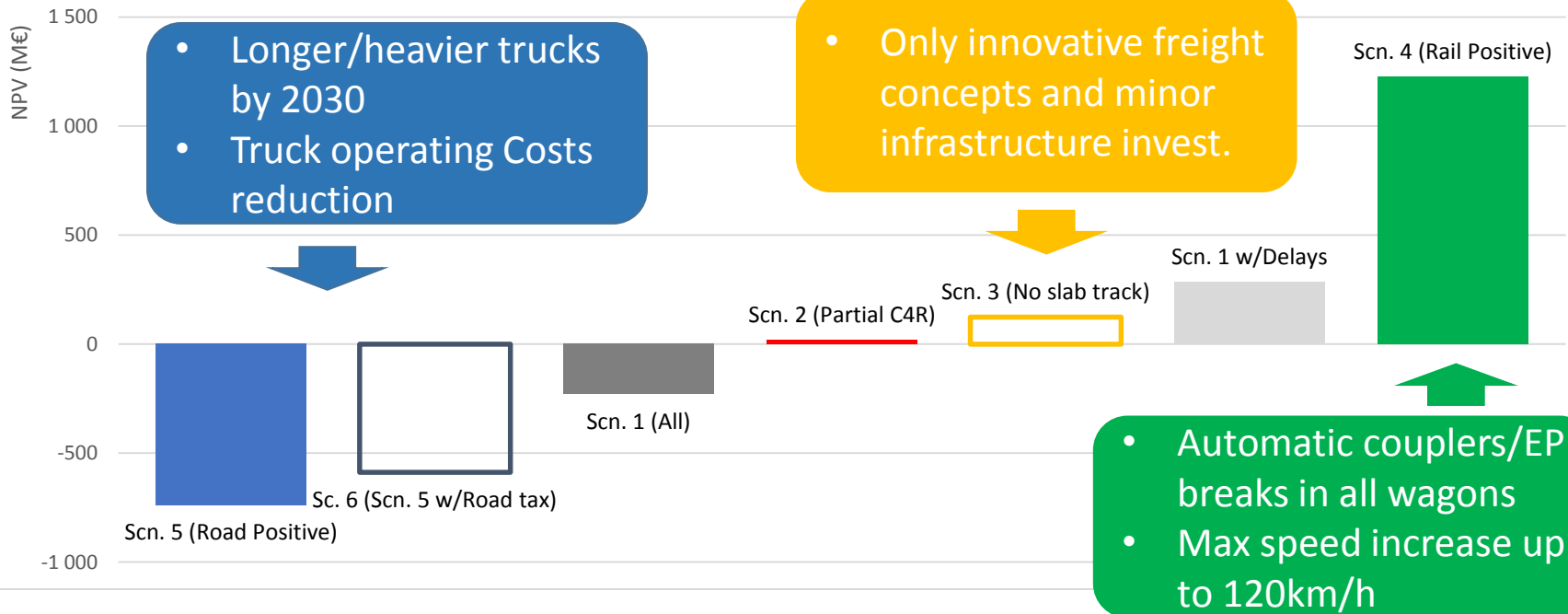
C4R Scenario 2

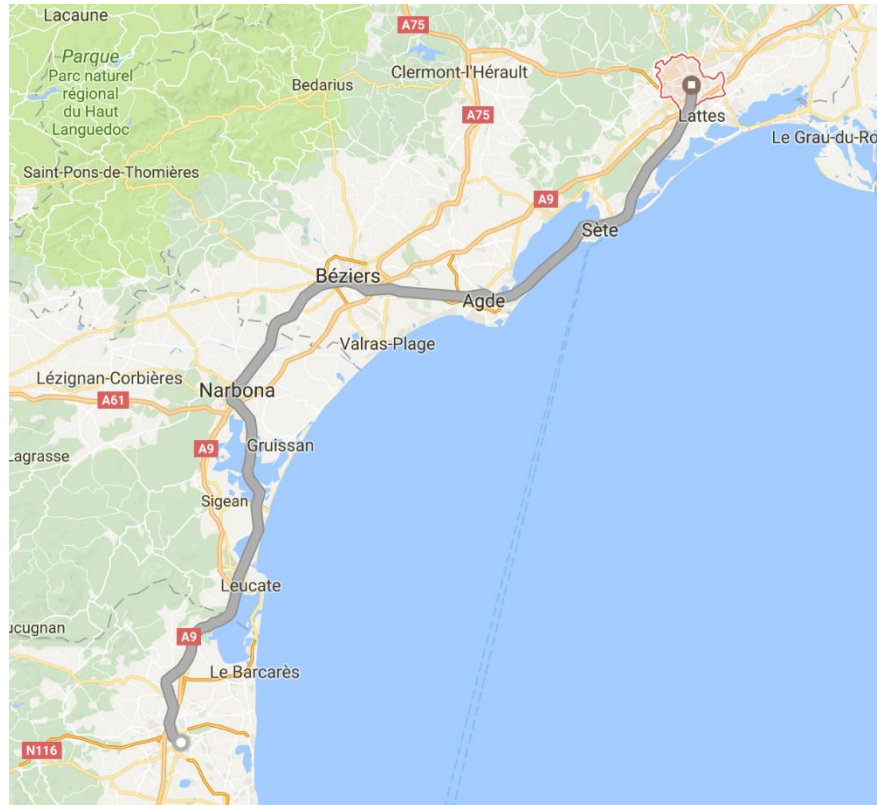


Much smaller investment compared with Scenario 1

Smaller benefit from modal transfer in absolute terms, but sufficient to offset investment

C4R Scenario Ranking





CASE STUDY 2: MONTPELLIER – PERPIGNAN SECTION OF THE MEDITERRANEAN CORRIDOR

Baseline

- No investment besides maintenance or replacement of End Of Life items

C4R Investment Level 1

- Operational improvements and investments to allow trains up to 1000 m

C4R Investment Level 2

- Upgrade to slab track and new S&C
- Innovative freight concepts with trains up to 1500 m

Results

C4R Investment Level 1



No change; fixed costs model used

By far most significant effect from added capacity, allowing modal transfer



Infrastructure Investment

Infrastructure Maintenance

Consumer Surplus

Producer Surplus

Externalities

NPV

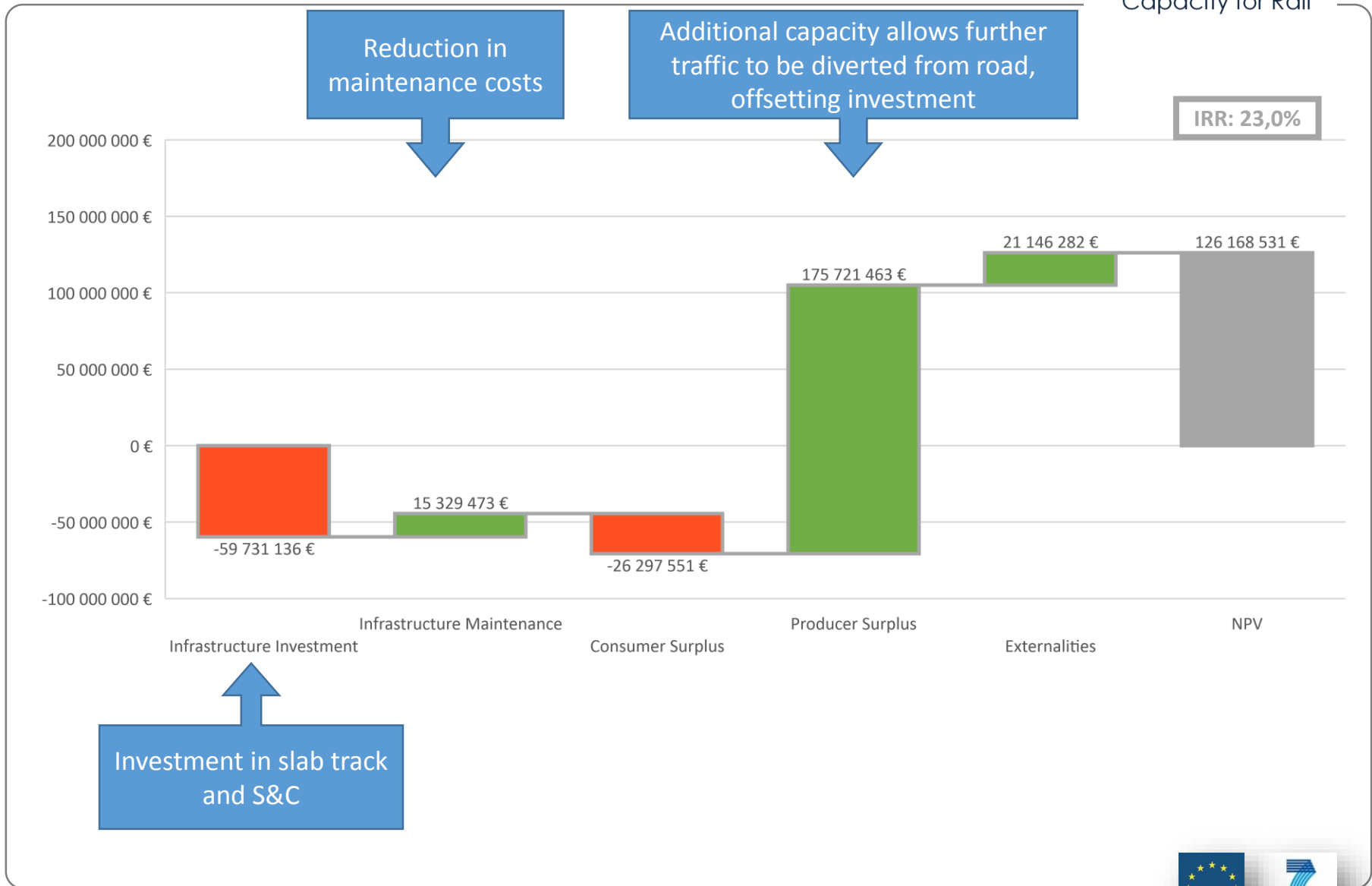
Modest investment in infrastructure, only siding extensions

Rail freight slower than road freight

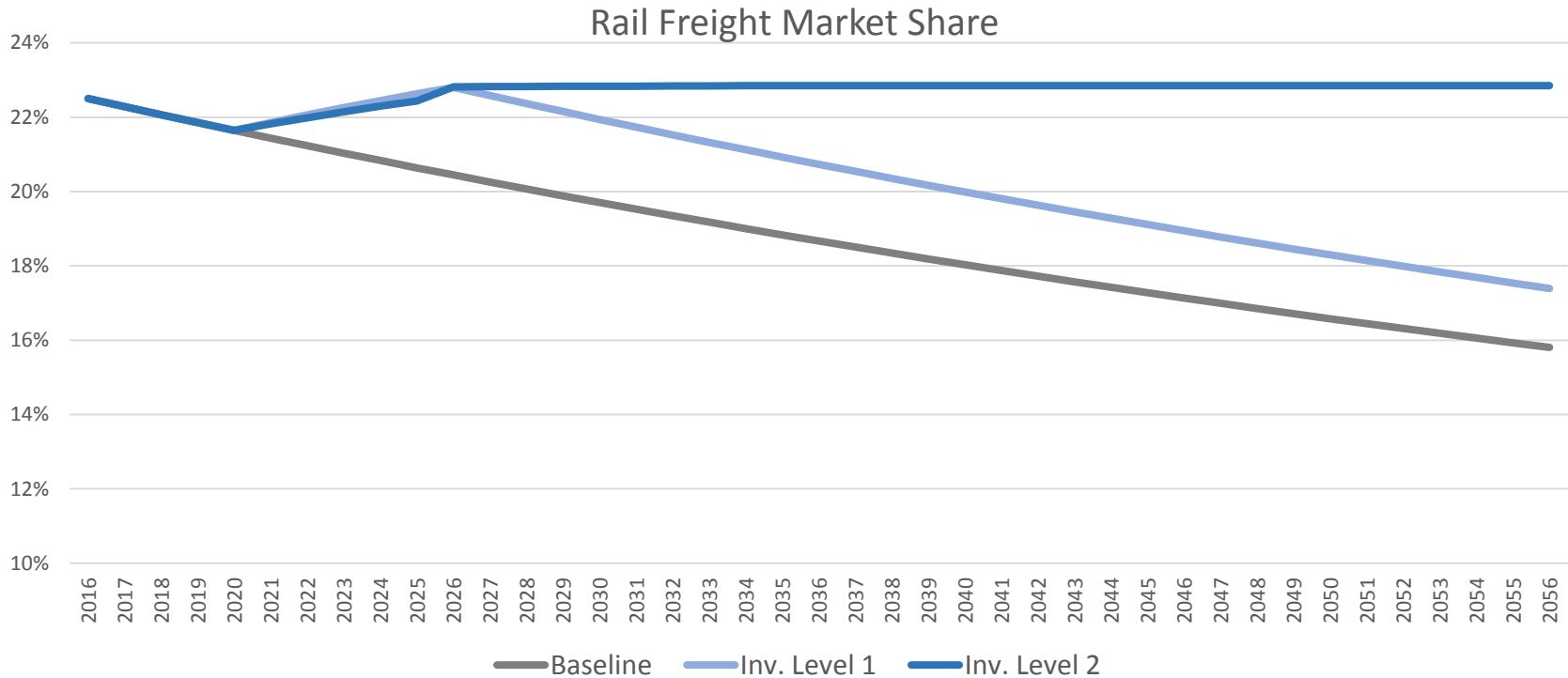


Results

C4R Investment Level 2



Market Share Evolution



Gains in capacity from longer trains and reduction in unavailability allow rail to maintain its current market share in the 40 year horizon of the analysis, against a baseline of expected loss

- Deep Infrastructure Innovations **in existing lines** may be profitable in capacity constrained sections
- Investments in **Operational concepts** (longer trains, EP breaks, automatic couplers, etc.) combined with minor infrastructure improvements (sidings, improved track for higher axle loads) in most cases **can have very positive effects** (with no increase in access charges)
- Market share targets unattainable solely through C4R innovations

Thank you for your kind attention

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